



# **MATHEMATICS**

# **UNITS 3A AND 3B**

# FORMULA SHEET 2015

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## Numbers and algebra

Index laws:

For a, b > 0 and m, n real,

$$a^m b^m = (a b)^m$$

$$a^m a^n = a^{m+n}$$

$$(a^m)^n = a^{mn}$$

$$\frac{1}{a^m} = a^{-m}$$

$$\frac{a^m}{a^n} = a^{m-n}$$

$$a^0 = 1$$

For a > 0 and m an integer and n a positive integer,

$$a^{\frac{m}{n}} = \sqrt[n]{a^m} = (\sqrt[n]{a})^m$$

Simple interest:

I = Prt, where P is the principal, r is the rate per year

and t is the time in years

Compound interest:

 $A = P(1 + r)^t$  compounded annually

 $A = P\left(1 + \frac{r}{n}\right)^{nt}$  compounded *n* times a year

Differentiation:

If 
$$f(x) = y$$
 then  $f'(x) = \frac{dy}{dx}$ 

Powers:

If 
$$f(x) = x^n$$
 then  $f'(x) = nx^{n-1}$ 

or If 
$$y = x^n$$
 then  $\frac{dy}{dx} = nx^{n-1}$ 

Product rule:

If 
$$y = f(x) g(x)$$

or

If 
$$y = uv$$

then 
$$y' = f'(x) g(x) + f(x) g'(x)$$

then 
$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{du}{dx}v + u\frac{dv}{dx}$$

## Space and measurement

In any triangle *ABC*:

$$\frac{a}{\sin A} = \frac{b}{\sin B} = \frac{c}{\sin C}$$

$$a^2 = b^2 + c^2 - 2bc \cos A$$

$$\cos A = \frac{b^2 + c^2 - a^2}{2bc}$$

Area = 
$$\frac{1}{2}ab \sin C$$

Circle:  $C = 2\pi r = \pi D$ , where *C* is the circumference, *r* is the radius

and D is the diameter

 $A = \pi r^2$ 

Triangle:  $A = \frac{1}{2}bh$ , where b is the base and h is the perpendicular height

Parallelogram: A = bh

Trapezium:  $A = \frac{1}{2}(a+b)h$ , where a and b are the lengths of the parallel sides

Prism: V = Ah, where V is the volume and A is the area of the base

Pyramid:  $V = \frac{1}{3} Ah$ 

Cylinder:  $S = 2\pi rh + 2\pi r^2$ , where S is the total surface area

 $V = \pi r^2 h$ 

Cone:  $S = \pi r s + \pi r^2$ , where s is the slant height

 $V = \frac{1}{3}\pi r^2 h$ 

Sphere:  $S = 4\pi r^2$ 

 $V = \frac{4}{3}\pi r^3$ 

### Chance and data

Probability: For any event A and its complement  $\overline{A}$ 

 $P(A) + P(\overline{A}) = 1$ 

In a normal distribution approximately:

68% of values lie within one standard deviation of the mean 95% of values lie within two standard deviations of the mean 99.7% of values lie within three standard deviations of the mean.

Note: Any additional formulas identified by the examination panel as necessary will be included in the body of the particular question.